

THE DAILY PRESS
OFFICE--PRESS BUILDING
NO. 109
JEFFERSON STREET,
LOUISVILLE.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1865.

NO PAPER TO-MORROW.

In order that those in our employ may observe Thanksgiving Day in a proper manner, all business in this office will be suspended to-day. No paper will therefore be issued to-morrow. Should any news of importance transpire, we shall endeavor to lay it before the public, in the form of an extra.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The want of space prevents us from giving any comments upon the message of the President of the United States. It is a document that will command itself so perfectly to the loyal people of the nation that it requires no aid on the press to make it palatable. There is throughout the document such a vein of good sense, such sterling patriotism, such appropriate deference to the Constitution, and so much conscientiousness in the discharge of Executive duties, that the whole country will rejoice that a man, so worthy of the high duty, was prodded by the people to take upon himself the duties that the law assigned him upon the death of Mr. Lincoln. There has scarcely occurred in history such a sudden and overwhelming magnitude of responsibility as that which fell upon Andrew Johnson on the 15th day of last April. But he has borne himself under this great burden with singular judgment and discretion. Unselfish in all his acts, he has endeavored to respond to the exigencies of every occasion through the teachings of a pure patriotism derived from the Constitution and a thorough knowledge of each phase of every subject that came before him. He states his whole conduct in a clear and perfectly honest manner. If the reasoning that led him to adopt his plans of reconstruction may fail to convince, it cannot fail in satisfying all that it is commendable, and that its object was good, proper, and praiseworthy. The great body of the nation will admire his correct appreciation of the constitutional metes and bounds of Executive and legislative action. The graceful manner in which the President places before the Representatives of the people their exclusive rights over certain features of reconstruction is a specimen of good judgment that will command President Johnson to the loyal hearts. And the various expressions that he gives on the necessary and essential relations of the States toward the nation, and of the nation toward the States, are worthy of the governmental genius of Alexander Hamilton.

To the general causes for national thanksgiving to-day, all true men will feel an additional joy that such an Executive as Andrew Johnson was the recipient of the executive mantle that fell from the shoulders of the martyred standard bearer of a nation's confidence and honors. The frankness and honesty of Mr. Lincoln commanded him to the hearts of the nation, and in this first national message of Andrew Johnson, the qualities of frankness, clearness and honesty are conspicuous. On each subject treated in the message, the meaning is perfectly clear and direct.

ENJOYMENTS.

The citizens of Louisville were considerably blessed yesterday. Compared with other regions, their border was considerably enlarged. In addition to the general enjoyment through the State in the personal messages of the President of the United States, and of the Governor of Kentucky, documents of great worth and value, the people of Louisville had the pleasure of enjoying a spasmodic message from his Honor, Mayor Tompsett. The messages of the President and Governor were well received by the special bodies to whom they were addressed, and will be so received by the body of the people. But Mayor Tompsett is not so fortunate. The Common Council proceeded to impeach him for his violation of law, and for refusing to perform his duty as Mayor. The Mayor, unfortunately preferred what is called a *Scam. Mag.* to obedience to the city charter. The Common Council impeached him, and the Board of Aldermen will sit next Monday night as a Court, for the trial of the Mayor. Now it is a grave question, requiring much consideration, whether Louisville can afford this. There were not more than two model Mayors on this continent, Mayors Gunther and Tompsett. They stood apart in certain unapproachable qualities, from all other Mayors. They were enough alike to have been cast in the same mold, and the scarcity of the material shows that it must have been used up in making these two figure heads of civic glory. The creative energies that set them forth as the observed of all observers, must have been severely taxed in that job, and the matrix is possibly broken.

THE DELMONICO.—Messrs. Seckamp & Thomas, at this famous saloon, will set a special lunch to-day, consisting of all the delicacies of the season. Of course all their old friends will be on hand. Kagle, the celebrated "tumbler juggler," in all his beauty, will wait on his friends, as will also our handsome young friend, Davy Magness. Be on hand at 10 o'clock.

FIRE AT SHIPPINGSOPORT.—About half past ten o'clock yesterday morning a frame house in Shippingsport, occupied by a widow lady named Morrison, caught fire and was entirely consumed. Mrs. Morrison was absent from home at the time and lost everything she possessed, except the clothing upon her person. The fire caught from a spark falling upon the bed.

MARTIAL LAW OR MOB LAW.—We understand that R. M. Hathaway, Esq., the Collector of Internal Revenue in the 1st District of Kentucky, is unable to make collections in that District, except as he is accompanied by an armed guard. Last week he came to this city and applied to Gen. Palmer for a squad of soldiers to accompany him in the performance of his official duties, as he is passing from county to county in that district. Mr. Hathaway stated that he had from his private resources, heretofore paid a guard to accompany him, but that the dangers of robbery if not personal violence, were so great, that he felt it his duty to call on the military authorities for assistance, and that if that assistance was not granted he must resign his office. The assessment and collection of the National taxes are much retarded in that district, as well as in some others, by the disturbed condition of public affairs,

and by the large number of returned rebel soldiers that are prowling through the country for the purpose of violence and plunder. With these reconstructed rebels a large number of the citizens, in some counties, are more or less in sympathy, and as a consequence it is very difficult for the officers of the Government to enforce the laws for the assessment and collection of the National taxes.

There shall be such a state of things in the whole State of Kentucky as that there shall be a cheerful acquiescence in and obedience to the National laws, the National authorities can properly restore the right of habeas corpus, and withdraw the protection afforded by martial law. But until this State of things does exist the necessary means to enforce its own laws and vindicate its own authority. At present it is either martial law or mob law! We prefer the former.

THE CIVIL LAW.

The Democrat says "the civil law in Kentucky is in full operation, and amply able to give all the protection an honest man needs. Not a law can be broken in this State but the civil authorities will be prompt to punish." Indeed! Why, then, does it also say that various counties in the State are still "infested by lawless bands, striking terror in the hearts of many men, driving them from their homes," that "all the Western section of the State is still subjected to the outrages of jawhawkers, burglars, and highwaymen, startlingly bold and increasing in numbers;" that, despite every effort of grand juries, "these scoundrels hold high unchecked carnival, and if the Governor, by State military force, can not at once rid the country of them, let him call on the Federal Government for a force to get rid of them?" If the civil law is so operative, adequate, prompt to punish and protect, why does the Democrat urge that the "prompt and immediate action" of the military authorities and forces, State and even Federal, to put a stop to "such a condition of affairs, perfectly notorious and utterly unbearable."

KENTUCKY is the only border State to which the privilege of the writ is denied? Not so, Col. Harney. It is denied to Virginia, as well; and to both, with the approval and advice of that true Virginian, Major General Thomas, and of his able second, that true Kentuckian, Major General Palmer.

(For the Union Press.)

The Sunday newspapers of this city inform the public in general, and the Presbyterian public in particular, that a certain society has been formed in this city with the approbation and under the auspices of the Presbyterian Ministers. The name of the society is the "Union Society," and its objects are given, and its ostensible object is to relieve the necessities of Presbyterian Ministers and their families in the late rebellious States. For this purpose a collection is to be taken up on Thanksgiving Day, at the Union Church, and the proceeds collected for the benefit of the Presbyterians of the South.

The company have a capital stock of \$150,000, and expect to manufacture very extensively on a purely cash system. They have purchased and placed in the factory machinery of the most approved make and finish, and will commence operations on Monday, manufacturing every article of furniture now in demand, and of every quality from that used in the cottage of the workman to the handsomest article decorating the drawing room of the millionaire. The company have beside a large yard attached to the building, extensive lumber yards on Chestnut street, between Tenth and Eleventh. In both they have over a million feet of lumber ready for use in the factory.

The manufacture of all kinds of chairs is to be a special feature, for which extensive preparations have been made.

The company propose to sell directly from the factory and therefore will have no store-room in the city. They have on the northwest corner of Ninth and Jefferson streets a large building, two stories high, with a front of fifty feet by one hundred and five feet deep. Both buildings are entirely fire-proof, and arranged in a fine manner. There will be constantly employed by the company from one hundred and fifty to three hundred workmen.

This will be one of the most extensive establishments in the country; and it is really gratifying to us to announce that it will be so soon in complete running order. Besides drawing to our city a large class of hard-working mechanics who go far towards making a prosperous city, it will also draw to our business circles a large amount of capital, which in turn will be invested in other manufacturing improvements.

In France the manufacture of furniture has become an important source of national wealth, and thirty thousand workmen are constantly employed in that branch alone. Its chief seat is Paris; and but little is exported. Louisville, with all her natural advantages, with material so easy of access, and with an outlet by rail and water to a population that must for years to come demand furniture, needs but the enterprise among the capitalists to make her the center of furniture manufacture in all way points.

The St. Nicholas is the popular People's Line boat to-day for Cincinnati. She starts at noon, in charge of Capt. John M. Martin, making connections with the morning mail.

The Gen. Lytle, Capt. Godman, is the regular mail line packet for Cincinnati and the East to-day. She starts at noon, connecting with the early trains going East.

The General Buell, Captain Phillips, is the evening mail packet for Cincinnati to-day.

We hope our friends on the river will bear with us a day or two, until we can get in working order. We intend in future to make the river department a feature of the Press, and will have a reporter who, we trust, will please our many friends.

Bridget Riley was arrested yesterday, for promptly with all the requisites (from a corkscrew to a bottle of champagne) and on reasonable terms, by J. H. SCHROEDER & SONS, Cor. Main and Fourth st.

LOUISVILLE THEATER.—At a late hour yesterday Miss Matilda Heron "threw up" her engagement at the Louisville, and threw the management on the resources of the splendid stock company for a performance last night. The only possible excuse Miss Heron could have in pursuing this course was the slim attendance the first night. We believe she had no right to prosecute this course. Her engagement at the Louisville, no matter, under what circumstances it was made, should have been faithfully adhered to. Actresses and actors generally hold managers to their agreements, no matter how disastrous the engagement, and there is no good reason why the rule should not work both ways. Miss Heron has long enough in the profession to know that fortune does not always smile. She has heretofore been successful in this city, and should have taken into consideration the combination of circumstances against her during this visit. That the refusal to comply with the engagement will do her no possible good, professionally, we are certain. The citizens of Louisville will be slow to patronize an artist as fickle as the great character she so truthfully impersonates upon the stage.

There will be a grand matinee this afternoon.

Miss Hudson has engaged Burgess, Burgess, Prendergast's, and Donniker's excellent minstrel troupe for the remainder of the week. They open to-night with a fine programme.

THE KEANS.—The inclement weather last night did not prevent a full attendance at Wood's Theater. Mr. Kean has undoubtedly a fine conception of the character of Hamlet, but his rendition of it is not near so good as of other characters. In the soliloquy he was only fair. It seemed as if he were in a hurry to get through. In fact, his performance last night was not equal to the preceding ones, and did not give that satisfaction that we anticipated. Mrs. Keane as the Queen was perfect—the best impersonation she has yet given. Miss Chapman as Ophelia gave general satisfaction. Foster's Ghost was splendid—as good as we have ever seen. Remember that the Keans remain but two nights more.

THE MINSTRELS.—Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather last night there was a good attendance at Masonic Temple. We are sure that the ballad of "Father, dear father, come home," by Prendergast is well worth the price of admission. The jokes of Hughes and Burgess are imitative and rendered in the quaintest style. Every member of this model troupe is a star in his profession.

To-night this model troupe open at the Louisville Theater and will give a splendid entertainment.

DR. JOHN BULL'S MANUFACTORY.—It is always with feelings of pleasure that we call the attention of our readers to the manufacturing interests of our now flourishing city, which soon promises to be the great emporium of the West and Southwest. We yesterday dropped into the manufactory of Mr. John Bull, on Fifth street, between Main and the river. The Doctor has been connected with the prosperity of the city for a number of years, and he is well known here, while his celebrated sarsaparilla bears a world-wide reputation, as there is scarcely a place on the habitable globe where it has not found its way.

The factory of Dr. Bull is a most complete one, and gives constant and lucrative employment to thirty hands, thus supporting at least one hundred and twenty persons. The Doctor not only manufactures his sarsaparilla, but also Cedron Bitters, Worm Destroyer and the well established Smith's tonic, a reliable and sure cure for fever and ague where all other remedies fail. The Doctor is overrun with orders from all parts of the country, and since the reopening of the Southern trade, his business has amounted to between \$50,000 and \$60,000 per month. In order that our readers may form some idea of the extent of his business, we would state that he constantly pays into the United States Treasury over \$1000 per week for internal revenue stamps. The Doctor not only does a great deal to bring business to our city, but he, by the sale of his most excellent drugs, for they are nothing else, dispenses relief to the suffering throughout the country.

He has just erected an addition to his factory in the shape of a three-story brick building, and will in a short time, be able to fill the orders, which have been piling up upon him so fast, with dispatch.

LOUISVILLE STEAM FURNITURE FACTORY. There never has been in the whole history of Louisville a time when improvements were being so rapidly made. During the past six months no less than twenty factories of different kinds have been erected in and around the city. This fact is significant, and speaks volumes of interest to the working classes. It tells them that labor will be in demand, and the price thereof enhanced.

We yesterday visited the large and capacious factory of the Louisville Steam Furniture Company, and found its energetic President, Mr. James W. Stokes, busily engaged in placing the establishment in complete working order. The factory is situated at the corner of Ninth and Jefferson streets, having a front on Jefferson of 105 feet, extending back to Green street 211 feet. Part of the building is four and the balance three stories high. The building is suitably divided off into compartments for the manufacture and finish of every description of household furniture.

THANKSGIVING.—To-day will be generally observed by all denominations, and proper service held in most of the churches. Surely no people had more abundant cause to be thankful for the manifold blessings and mercies of the Giver of all good during the year just closing. Every one should pray that those mercies should be deeply graven in our hearts. And as we thank Him, let us also pray that He will heal the wound that war has made, repair the desolations under which many portions of our land have suffered, and teach us, as a people, to live in brotherly love and harmony. Let us also remember the poor, the afflicted, and the bereaved. And especially let us remember those who have crossed that stream "whose waters taste of the unknown world divine."

Let all give thanks, for He is abundantly blessed every one.

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVALS.

WEDNESDAY, December 6.
Nick Longworth, Cinc.;
St. Charles, Cinc.;
Cincinnati, Cinc.;
Lawrence, Pittsburg;

DEPARTURES.

Nick Longworth, Cinc.;
United States, Cincinnati;
Rose Hill, Henderson;
Hornell, Pittsburg;
Kato, Kansas.

THE RIVER AT THIS POINT was on a stand still, with the water 10 feet above the canal, and two feet in the pass to the fall.

Business on the levee yesterday was extremely dull. It was almost impossible to navigate so deep was the mud. Except the regular local business done by the Cincinnati packets, very little freight was received or forwarded.

The Cumberland is likely to be in good navigable condition in a few days, as we learn that heavy rains have been falling. The favorite little Pink Varble will be at the wharf this morning. She is "billed" for a return to Saturday afternoon.

Districts of the City of Liberty announce that she will be in port Friday night. Be ready for her on Saturday.

Dan Parr's little Tempest has out her sign to leave for Nashville Saturday. She furnishes splendid accommodations.

This is a regular day for the gay Rome.

Dan Parr is to Matson & transact business at Matson's and to transact business at all way points.

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(For the Union Press.)
NATIONAL THANKSGIVING DAY.
DECEMBER 7th, 1865.

GIVE THANKS, O Earth! Creation swell
The notes of endless praise,
To God who doeth all things well,
And wondrous are His ways.

Ye nations of the Earth, break forth
Ye distant Isles, rejoice!

From East to West, from North to South,
Praise God with heart and voice.

Ye kindred tongues and people join,
The Almighty to extol,
Whose boundless mercies mankind
Extend to great and small.

The rich and poor have joined in chain,
The bondman's days are over—
Praise, praise the Lord, His name,

And all his works adore.

We own Thy guidance, gracious Lord,
Thy wisdom, might and power,
Our struggling Nation have restored;
All hail the auspicious hour!

We glorify Thy name, O God!
Thy justice, truth and light
Will dawn on usفاتن on far abroad,
Like beams of morning light.

The nobles, kings and potentates,
Will bow to Thy command,
And patronize—United States,
Buled by Thy mighty hand.

Their crowns and sceptres will decay—
They laws, O God, go forth;
The King of Kings, the nation's way,
The day is not far off.

The kingdom will forever stand,
While others all consume,
And break in pieces by Thy hand!
Will this great work be done?

Of stout and勇敢 saints and men,
Who dwell on earth well,
While Heaven will echo back the strain,
And freedom's trumpet blow.

All hail with joy thy favored day,
For darkest clouds have blown away,
And now appears the sparkling ray,
As cheering as the morning:

EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE!

If you want anything,
If you have lost it, sell,
If you have Found it, buy,
If you have Lost anything,
If you have Found anything,

Tell Ten Thousand People at Once by
Advertising in the Daily Press.

CANDIDATE.

H. M. McCARTHY specially announces himself to the members of the Kentucky State Legislature as a candidate for re-election to the office of State Auditor. set-a

FOR SALE.

Fire Engines for Sale.

By direction of the GENERAL COUNCIL, I will sell four hand fire engines, which are for sale, belonging to the city. Terms, etc., call at my office, PHILIP T. COFFEE, 104 Main street, set-a

FOR RENT.

HOTEL & BOARDING HOUSE
FOR RENT—THE EAGLE HOTEL, NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT, in Jeffersonville. Possession given set-a

of November. Apply to CHARLES J. RAUCHFELS, 104 Main street, bet. Market and Jefferson.

BOARDING.

BOARDED—A PLEASANT FRONT ROOM, WITH Bed and Breakfast, for a Gentleman and wife. Apply at No. 274 Fifth street, set-a

BOARDING—TWO FINE UNFURNISHED ROOMS can be had with board in a quiet and agreeable neighborhood, and within 2½ squares of the post office. Two or three miles from town. Apply at No. 104 Main street, at moderate prices, by calling at No. 1 East street, bet. Court and Second. set-a

BOARDING—A few single gentlemen can also be accommodated with board, by day or week.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

JAS. C. MCFERRAN, R. J. MCNEESE, JNO. H. MCFERRAN.

McFerran & McNeese

(late of Louisville, Ky.)

Commission Merchants,

COTTON FACTORS,

And Manufacturers' Agents for sale of Bale Rope, Bagging and Twine,

NOS. 102 AND 104 WEST COLUMBIA STREET,
Between Vine and Race.

CINCINNATI, O.

set-a

FURNISHING GOODS.

SCOTT, DAVISON & CO.

(Accessories to Scott, Keen & Co.)

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

IN MEN & BOYS' FINE CLOTHING

AND FURNISHING GOODS,

Corner of Sixth and Main Streets,

Louisville, Ky.

CLOTHING.

THE LARGEST STOCK

OF

CLOTHING

AND

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

IN THE CITY

AT

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,

Courier of Fourth and Main streets, under

the National Hotel.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,

Military Clothing

W. W. MORRIS & CO.

405 Main St., 105 Chambers St.

LOUISVILLE, KY., NEW YORK

WHOLE-SALE DEALERS IN

NOTIONS,

STATIONERY,

FURNISHING GOODS,

SUTLERS' GOODS,

AT EASTERN PRICES.

405 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

COLD PENS.

Louisville

Gold Pen Manufactory,

Watches and Jewelry,

115 Third street & 407 Main street.

Gold Pens Polished for 50 Cents.

PRICE LIST SENT FREE.

STENCIL CUTS AND PLATES FOR LETTERS CUT AS USUAL.

Address R. C. HILL & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.

WHOLESALE

BOOTS, SHOES & WOOL HATS

WORKS.

WE ARE RECEIVING A FULL STOCK FOR FALL

And Winter trade, which we are selling at low prices.

INGALS & CO.

165 WEST MAIN STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth.

With a SUPERIOR QUALITY OF REFINED OIL

to the trade.

CRUDE PE

For sale would do well to give us a call, as we can increase

THREE HUNDRED

BARRELS PER DAY

size always on hand.

CLAIM

C. L. RAD

CLAIM A

ADJUST AND SETTLE ALL OFFICERS' QUARTER-TRACT SURGEONS' MEDICAL RETURNS AND ACCOUNTS, AND CLAIMS ARISING OUT OF THE PRESENT WAR IN THE ARMY AND NAVY. THE COMPANY IS THE ONLY ONE WHICH HAS EVER BEEN IN BUSINESS BEFORE THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE DATED APRIL 1, AND SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1861. OFFICE 231 Main Street, bet. Second and Third.

AGENCY.

WAY & CO., GENTS.

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THE DAILY PRESS

BY TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR MIDNIGHT REPORT.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

SENATORIAL REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

GEORGIA ADOPTS THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

ADDITIONAL FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN NEW YORK.

GEORGIA WILL PROTECT FREEDMEN.

OFFICERS OF THE ALABAMA ARRESTED.

THE FENIAN CONVENTION IN N.Y.

XXXIXTH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, December 6, SENATE.

THE SENATE ASSEMBLED AT 12 M.

MR. FOSTER, PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, IN THE CHAIR.

MR. DIXON OFFERED A SERIES OF RESOLUTIONS

PASSED BY THE CONNECTICUT LEGISLATURE ON THE CONDITION OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS AND FAVORING THE EQUALITY OF ALL MEN BEFORE THE LAW, ETC.

THE RESOLUTIONS WERE ORDERED TO BE PRINTED.

THE COMMITTEE ON THE SESSION WERE THEN ANNOUNCED AS THE CHAIRMAN OF WHICH ARE AS FOLLOWS: FOREIGN AFFAIRS—SUMNER OF MASSACHUSETTS; FINANCE—PEASLEE OF MAINE; COMMERCE—SPRAGUE OF RHODE ISLAND; AGRICULTURE—SHERRILL OF OHIO; MILITARY AFFAIRS—WADDELL OF MASSACHUSETTS; NAVAL AFFAIRS—GRIMES OF IOWA; POST OFFICE—TRIMBLE OF ILLINOIS; JUDICIARY—TRUMBULL OF ILLINOIS; POST OFFICES—DIXON OF CONNECTICUT; CLAIMS—CLARK OF NEW HAMPSHIRE; REVOLUTIONARY CLAIMS—RAUSEY OF MINNESOTA; DIRECTOR OF COLUMBIA—DIXON OF CONNECTICUT; PAYMASTER AND CLERK—HARRIS OF NEW YORK; INDIAN AFFAIRS—DOOLITTLE OF WISCONSIN; PUBLIC BUILDINGS—FOOTE OF VERMONT; PATENTS—COVAN OF PENNSYLVANIA; TRADE—WADE OF OHIO; PACIFIC RAILROAD—HOWARD OF MICHIGAN.

MR. SUMNER INTRODUCED A BILL OF THE LAST SESSION TO REGULATE COMMERCE BETWEEN THE SEVERAL STATES, WHICH WAS REFERRED TO THE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE.

MR. DIXON OBJECTED TO THE RESOLUTION, AS IT WOULD OVERPOWER THE OTHERS.

A COMMITTEE OF THIRTEEN WAS APPOINTED TO CONFER WITH A COMMITTEE FROM THE HOUSE IN RELATION TO TAKING APPROPRIATE ACTION ON THE DEATH OF PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

MR. MORGAN INTRODUCED A BILL TO INCORPORATE AN INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF TELEGRAMS.

THE BILL WAS REFERRED TO THE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCIAL, CALLING EXPORT DUTIES, REPUTATING THE REBEL DEBT, AND SECURING ALL PERSONS EQUAL PROTECTION AND THE RIGHTS OF LIBERTY.

THE AMENDMENTS WERE REFERRED TO THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.

MR. FAIRFIELD OFFERED A RESOLUTION DECLARING IT TO BE UNJUST TO DENY COLORADO PERSONS THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE WHO HAVE VOLUNTEERED TO SUPPORT THE GOVERNMENT, AND PERIOD THEIR LIVES IN ITS DEFENSE.

THE BILL WAS REFERRED TO A SELECT COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO TAKE ACTION WITH REFERENCE TO THE DECEASED PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

THE HOUSE AT ONE O'CLOCK, ADJOURNED TO MEET ON MONDAY NEXT.

HOUSE.

MR. STEVENS INTRODUCED A BILL PERMITTING WOUNDED SOLDIERS IN THE EMPLOYMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT TO RECEIVE PENSIONS WHILE IN THE SERVICE.

MR. REED REFERRED THE BILL TO THE COMMITTEE ON AVALAND PEOPLES.

ON MOTION OF MR. ELLIOTT IT WAS RESOLVED THAT SO MUCH OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE AS RELATED TO THE FREEDMEN BE REFERRED TO A SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF NINE.

MR. BIGHAM OFFERED AMENDMENTS TO THE BILL RELATING TO THE COLLECTING OF EXCESSIVE DUTIES, REPUDIATING THE REBEL DEBT, AND SECURING ALL PERSONS EQUAL PROTECTION AND THE RIGHTS OF LIBERTY.

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MR. STEVENS INTRODUCED A BILL PERMITTING WOUNDED SOLDIERS IN THE EMPLOYMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT TO RECEIVE PENSIONS WHILE IN THE SERVICE.

MR. REED REFERRED THE BILL TO THE COMMITTEE ON AVALAND PEOPLES.

ON MOTION OF MR. ELLIOTT IT WAS RESOLVED THAT SO MUCH OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE AS RELATED TO THE FREEDMEN BE REFERRED TO A SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF NINE.

MR. BIGHAM OFFERED AMENDMENTS TO THE BILL RELATING TO THE COLLECTING OF EXCESSIVE DUTIES, REPUDIATING THE REBEL DEBT, AND SECURING ALL PERSONS EQUAL PROTECTION AND THE RIGHTS OF LIBERTY.

THE AMENDMENTS WERE REFERRED TO THE COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.

MR. FAIRFIELD OFFERED A RESOLUTION DECLARING IT TO BE UNJUST TO DENY COLORADO PERSONS THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE WHO HAVE VOLUNTEERED TO SUPPORT THE GOVERNMENT, AND PERIOD THEIR LIVES IN ITS DEFENSE.

THE BILL WAS REFERRED TO A SELECT COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO TAKE ACTION WITH REFERENCE TO THE DECEASED PRESIDENT LINCOLN.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

The Election in New York City.

Democratic Ticket Successful.

Grant's Reception in Charleston.

Inauguration of Governor Orr.

Meeting of the Fenian Senate.

Explosion on the Kanawha River.

California Legislature Organized.

Arrival of the Steamer Hibernian.

Escape of Fenian Head Center.

NEW YORK, December 6.—Full returns of the city election show that Richard O. Gorham, Democrat, is elected Corporation Counsel by 17,000 majority, being all but the Republicans. Edward C. Johnson, who was elected, of whom one was Republican and seven Democrats, two of the latter being claimed as municipal reformers. Twenty-four members of the Common Council were elected, of whom three are Republicans.

The Tribune's analysis of the returns says a seat was given to Gen. Banks by the Louisiana delegation, who responded by alluding hopefully to Louisiana affairs. It highly commended President Johnson's message, and closed by saying, whether as private citizen or legislator, he would always be found a champion of freedom and equal rights.

The trial of Captain George W. West, late Superintendent at Old Capitol Prison, has ended.

The Supreme Court was in session a short time yesterday.

The Fenian Senate commenced an extra session yesterday.

The Nashville Shield and Tribune say a bill allowing negroes to testify in court was tabled in the Legislature.

The World's statesman says the President yesterday stated to some gentlemen who called on him in regard to the collectorship of New York, that he did not intend to take any action in the matter for some time.

The Herald's Charleston correspondent speaking of the reception of Gen. Grant at the depot says the agents who were received at the depot by prominent military men of the department. Very few citizens were out. A large number of the colored population assembled at the depot and cheered the General enthusiastically. The Lieutenant General was fatigued from a long journey, and no visitors were received during that day. The day was observed as a holiday by the military.

The General was compelled to decline by reason of other engagements, a dinner meeting him by the merchants and citizens of the city. A much larger procession was put up in the evening by the colored citizens of Charleston. The procession numbered about 800.

On Saturday he gave a reception to the citizens, which was largely attended, and addressed by Gen. Grant, Governor Perry, Gen. Orr, and a large number of other prominent men of the State.

The Herald's Columbia correspondent says that at the inauguration of Governor Orr, on the 29th, there was nothing unusual to mark the occasion, save that the gay and brilliant assembly of ladies in former years was reduced to a thin attendance, clothed in the garb of mourning.

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The Tribune's special says that during the month of November there were 222 money requisitions entered in the office of the Fourth Auditor, amounting in the aggregate to \$4,300,000, and of the refunding receipts, \$170,000.

COUNTRY BANKS.—We quote from an annual statement of the Bank of Boston: "The amount of cash disbursements in the accounts settled during the same month the divisions of navy agents, paymasters, pensions, marine, prize and generals was \$1,500,000. The number of prize cases reported amounted to \$200,000, and was paid over to the office of internal revenue \$101,241, an increase of \$50,945 over that returned during the month of October last."

Several hundred thousand dollars worth of bonds of the Kansas branch of the Pacific railroad were presented at the Treasury Department to-day, the Indians demanding that they be entitled to the Government bonds to be issued on the second forty miles of that road. This will stop the further issue of bonds by the Government, until this complication with that branch is adjusted.

In the case of a Colonel commanding a brigade during Sherman's march, to be appointed Brigadier General, December 6th, 1864, but whose commission as such did not reach him until May 1st, 1865, the Comptroller has decided to, notwithstanding the cause, pay him his pay to the date of his appointment, and to pay the difference of their commissions in cases similar to the one quoted, full pay from the date of the commission will be allowed.

The Senate of the American Fenian Brotherhood, at their extra session yesterday morning, at their headquarters, in this city. The object of the extra session is stated to be to look into the matter of economy and faithfulness in the executive departments, the organization demanding unusual probity and prudence at this time. The Senate of the New York officials under the new constitution have never been officially announced. The appointing power rests with the President, O'Mahoney, and the Senate confirms.

The Fenian Brotherhood, at their extra session at the reported spindles of the head-quarters on Union Square, assuming that such magnificence must create a heavy draft on the treasury of the organization. Unusual interest is attached to the session, which, it is supposed, will continue several days. It is expected, reports of the proceedings will be given to the press when publicity seems not injurious.

The damage by fire on board the steamship *Urbisot*, reported last evening, will amount to about \$15,000.

CINCINNATI, December 6.—The steamer *Cottage No. 2* exploded a boiler on Johnson Street, Kenwood, on Monday. Two men were killed, and several injured, one missing. The boat was badly wrecked.

PORLTAND, Me., December 6.—The Hibernian, from Liverpool the 2nd and London the 24th, has arrived.

Cotton—Sales this week of 57,000 bales, closing with a decline of 1d on American. The sale Friday amounted to 10,000 bales, closing firmer. Upland middling New Orleans dull.

Breadstuffs dull and declining. Provisions unsettled.

American Stocks—United States 5-20's, 6s; Illinois Central Railroad, 8s/8s; Erie, 5s/5s.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 24.—Consols closed at 89% 6/8% for money.

Stocks—the Fenian Head Center, escaped from prison on the morning of the 24th ult.

The cattle disease is reported to be on the increase in England.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 5.—The Legislature organized to-day by electing Union officers. The Senator, S. B. Wright was elected Speaker pro tem., and John White Secretary. In the House, J. W. Wilcox was chosen Speaker pro tem., and M. D. Barrick, Chief Clerk. In joint session a resolution was offered to adopt the constitution of the American abolitionists.

Trede dull. Goods nominal at 6s. Ophir 34s, Gould & Curry 33s, Savage 33s, Choller Potosi 21s.

OMAHA, December 4.—Continuous gales have prevailed in this locality for three weeks, doing much damage, and causing a suspension of business. Several small vessels are reported missing. The roads are everywhere blocked by drifts of snow, and the telegraph lines are utterly demolished.

IMPORTS BY THE RIVER.

Gold Penu and American Watches at reduced prices, at Hill's manufactory, 407 Main, and 333 Third street.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE UNION BANK.

Owing to the continued wet weather and slow business was much restricted, and shipments of freight and the movement of produce retarded. To-morrow will be universally observed as a national thanksgiving, and no business whatever will be done either on change or by the tobacco warehouses.

The business at the Merchants' Exchange to-day is large, but sales, but transactions were limited to sales of large quantities of flour. Kennedy's Mills, at \$7.50 for superfine, \$9.50 for plain extra, and \$10.75 for extra family, also sales of 150 lbs at \$9.25 for plain extra, and \$22 for fancy. Sales of two light lots of cotton were made at \$24.50c, and domestic at \$12.50c. Sales of grain were made at the 15th, and prime land in tierces at \$16.50c.

Rio coffee was in fair demand, with sales of 300 bags in lots at \$6.80c; lower grades offered at \$4.25c. A sale of sugar at 17.5c, and corn at 20c.

Stock quotations in New York were as follows:

U. S. \$ per bushel.
167-
5-20s brown...
195-
10-40s...
77-
Ketts old...
99-
Ketts new...
95-
Ketts brown...
100-

The hog market was quiet in consequence of the warm wet weather, and none of the houses were slaughtering. Prices were well below those of last year, the rates being 9.5c for ketts, and some lots had 7.50c per bushel. The pens were full; the receipts being fully 3,000 head.

The packing in Indiana has been very light, the prevailing rate being 75c gross. The following is from the Terre Haute paper:

The packers of our city are investing in hogs very cautiously, and the price has been light. The price to-day is from \$7 to \$8. We understand that this has not been a sale of hams, but a sale of bacon, and the price is at \$8.50c per bushel, and \$10.50 will not find much remunerative or consolation in their operations.

The packing at Chicago this season shows a falling off of 50 per cent compared with the same period the previous year, and at Cincinnati the packing was 50,000 short of last year.

Money matters are unchanged. There is a more active demand for Southern money, and more activity in the gold market. The expectation of something beligerent in the President's message was not realized, but the market was not so quiet as to indicate a change in the future.

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